MAX Lock Locker™
Installation Manual
Introduction

Thank you for your purchase of the Auburn Gear MAX Lock Locker™! We at Auburn Gear are pleased that you chose our product. Please take a moment and thoroughly read through this operation manual provided by Auburn Gear. If you would like more information on Auburn Gear differentials, visit our website at http://aftermarket.auburngear.com

MAX Lock Locker™ installation simply involves disassembling and re-assembling the differential case, replacing a few parts in the process. These instructions are detailed to the point that a person who is reasonably familiar with automotive work can install a MAX Lock Locker™ into a third member in about three to four hours; please read them carefully before you start to be sure that you thoroughly understand them. Do not attempt shortcuts unless you know exactly what you are doing. These instructions also assume that you have the proper shop manual for reference to instructions about axle removal, torque values, settings, clearances, etc. Our manual is a general guide to operations but does not repeat all the shop manual details.

This manual primarily describes the assembly of the two- or four-pinion two-piece differential case that has a cap held on by the ring gear bolts. Some references may be made to the front axle or to 4x4 operations; if your vehicle is a 4x2, ignore them. Note that most of the photos are of a Ford® 9-inch assembly; however, the installation of the MAX Lock Locker™ itself into the differential case is the same for VW® differentials and for others as well.

We suggest that your first installation be done in the rear axle. This is because the initial weight of the engine over the front axle is reduced by weight transfer to the rear as your vehicle climbs a hill, meaning that more and more weight is being applied to the axle with the locker in it as more traction is needed. If the locker is in the front, tractive weight becomes less as the hill becomes steeper.

NOTE: This instruction manual is provided for your convenience to assist you or your mechanic with the installation of your new MAX Lock Locker™. Nevertheless, the ultimate responsibility for the success of your installation and the subsequent proper operation of your vehicle rests with you, the vehicle owner. When your installation is complete, you will have a vehicle with significantly increased capabilities. For continued “fun in the sun,” operate it in a safe and responsible manner. Be sure to read and understand the driving information in the MAX Lock Locker™ Vehicle Owner’s Manual.
SPECIAL NOTES

The differential case is the round housing inside the rear axle assembly to which the ring gear is bolted and which contains the differential spider and side gear assembly. It is installed in the differential carrier, which is the housing that holds the case, drive pinion gear, bearings, etc. The carrier may be removable (as part of a “drop-out” unit, or third member), or it may be integral (as a permanent part of the axle assembly, mounted in the vehicle). This manual covers the removable third member (Differential and Carrier Assembly) and integral carrier design, both C-Clip and non-C-Clip versions.

The MAX Lock Locker™ is designed to fit into standard open differential cases only, not into limited-slip cases. If your vehicle contains a limited-slip unit you will need to purchase a standard open differential case, side gears, thrust washers and long pinion shaft (and also the two short shafts if it is a four-pinion unit) before proceeding.

Pinion Shafts: Some models of differentials use shafts with circumferential oil grooves for oil distribution, while others use shafts with flats. The shafts with flats are re-used, while those with grooves are not. If new shafts are provided in your kit, use them. If no shafts are provided, use the existing shafts.

Axle Shaft Thrust Blocks: A few differentials use a thrust block between the inside ends of the axle shafts as a part of the end play adjustment. When installing a MAX Lock Locker™, this block is re-used along with the original axles so that the original end play adjustment does not change. However, if the original axles are changed to different original-type axles, the block will continue to be used but the end play must be re-adjusted. If the axle is changed to another type that does not need end-play adjustment, such as a one-piece design, the thrust block may be omitted.

C-Clips: Many integral carrier differentials have the axle shafts retained by C-Clips. These are semi-circular pieces of hardened steel, similar to a washer with one side cut out, that fit into a groove in the end of the axle shaft and into a pocket in the side gear. The axle shaft is held in place by the pinion (spider gear) shaft. The MAX Lock Locker™ is designed for many of these axles, and their installation is covered in this manual. This type of axle is the easiest in which to install a MAX Lock Locker™, typically requiring about 1 hour for the procedure.

Side Gear Thrust Washers: All differentials originally had a thrust washer under each side gear. Thrust washers are large in diameter and approximately between 1/32-inch (.031, or .076-mm) and 1/16-inch (.062, or 1.52-mm) thick. If either one or both are missing from the original differential, obtain new one(s) before proceeding. The MAX Lock Locker™ is designed to be used with a correct thrust washer under each side gear, and failure to use this washer is easy to observe during inspection and will void the warranty.

**NOTE:** The parts shown in the various figures are typical and may not exactly depict your particular model.
MAX Lock Locker™ Exploded View
MAX Lock Locker™ Installations Covered in This Manual
Capped case differentials, both removable third member axles and integral carrier axles.

**Preliminary Steps**
The following steps are only a general guide to preliminary operations used for preparing your vehicle for MAX Lock Locker™ installation. For detailed information, refer to your shop manual. In general, the preliminary steps include:

a) Blocking the vehicle, putting transmission in neutral;

b) Loosening the wheel lug nuts (tire removal may be optional; see shop manual);

c) Jacking up the axle; securely resting it on jack stands;

d) Removing the tires (some axles);

e) Disconnecting the brakelines and emergency brake cables (some axles);

f) Pulling out both axles a few inches.

**Differential Case Removal**

1. Remove the third member or differential case from the vehicle as outlined above and described in the shop manual. **Follow ALL Safety Precautions.**

2. Check to be sure that the gears are in good condition and that nothing is loose, worn or scored. Rock the ring gear back and forth to get a “feel” for the backlash and check to see that it appears to be set up properly. If any out-of-spec conditions exist, be sure to correct them before subsequent re-assembly.

3. The differential can be removed and re-assembled without changing the ring and pinion settings **IF** you are careful. **Mark everything with a center punch!** Don’t touch a bolt until you have done so. We suggest placing the whole assembly upright (the same position as show in the vehicle), looking at the ring gear end. Mark the carrier and bearing cap on the ring gear side with one punch mark and on the other side with two marks (Figure 2). The caps are not interchangeable! Also mark each bearing adjuster directly under the lock hole with this same mark to note its side and rotational position. This mark is very important to correct re-assembly!

4. Remove the adjuster locks. (**Figure 3**) Be sure that each adjuster is marked at the lock hole with the correct number of punch marks for each side. The adjusters are **NOT** interchangeable after they are marked for position! (In general, the adjuster locks themselves are interchangeable.)

5. Remove the bearing caps. (**Figure 3**)

6. Slide (tap) the adjuster up and out and remove the bearing race on the ring gear side **FIRST** and put a very small grind mark on the outside of the race to mark it. Scraping it on a cement floor also works, or you can use a tag. Be sure that you can identify it for proper re-assembly on the correct side!

7. Remove the differential case and ring gear assembly from the carrier along with the other adjuster and bearing case.
**Disassembly of the Differential Case**

1. Remove the ring gear bolts and then the ring gear. It may need to be tapped off with a brass mallet. Mark it so that it can be re-installed in the same rotational position as when removed. Also mark the cap and case so that they can be re-assembled together in the same position.

2. Remove the case cap. It may be pressed into position; carefully pry it up if necessary.

3. Remove the pinion shaft(s), spider gears, side gears, all washers, and the pinion shaft block.

4. Mark the side gear in the top of the case with a tag or put it in a separate location so that it can be identified later. It will be placed in the bottom of the case during assembly.

**Inspection of the Parts**

**NOTE:** These steps are important. The MAX Lock Locker™ differential assembly utilizes your case, side gears, all washers, pinion shaft(s), and they must be in excellent condition. The spider gears and washers are not used. If following inspection shows that anything is bad, buy new parts from your dealer!

1. Thoroughly wash the differential case and remaining parts with solvent, and then dry them. Be sure to keep the side gears separate.

2. Inspect the side gears. They are very important to the proper operation of your new MAX Lock Locker™. The following three figures show various levels of wear on the teeth.

   a) New side gear (Figure 3). Note that the surface is rough and that machining marks are present on the side of the tooth. Will function properly.

   b) Moderately used side gear (Figure 4). Note that polishing is evident but that some machining marks are still present. Should function properly.

   c) Heavily used side gear (Figure 5). Note that the tooth surface is highly polished and that the side of the tooth near the top is rolled somewhat flatter. Will not function—should replace.

3. Inspect the pinion shaft(s) for any galled areas or grooves. If they are not in excellent condition, obtain new ones.

4. Inspect the side gear thrust washers. They are important to the correct positioning of the MAX Lock Locker™ parts. If they are excessively worn or are cracked, obtain new ones.

5. Inspect the case for any chips, cracks or similar damage. Also inspect the bearings. If the case or bearings look bad, replace them. However, if you do, remember that the marked bearing adjuster positions no longer will be correct; the ring and pinion backlash and bearings pre-load will to be reset with a dial indicator as described in the shop manual.

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**Figure 3**
NEW Side Gear

**Figure 4**
Moderately used Side Gear

**Figure 5**
Heavily used Side Gear
Preparing the Parts for Assembly
Coat the teeth of the side gears and both sides of the thrust washers with medium grease. Also place a little grease in each of the four holes in each driver. The grease will help keep the parts in place later and assist with functioning until the gear oil circulates.

Assembly of the MAX Lock Locker™ Parts into the Differential Case
1. Place a thrust washer into the bottom of the case, smoothest side up, and place the gear that formerly was in the top of the case into the bottom (Figure 6).
2. Place a driver onto the side gear in the case with the teeth meshed.
3. Install the pinion shaft block and the pinion shafts (see sections A and B below). Be very careful to not let the shafts become caught on the driver or the block or on each other as they come through! Keep the retaining pin holes in the shaft(s) lined up with those in the case and finish driving them in. If they are hard to insert, use a brass or plastic mallet to drive them to avoid damaging the ends. If the shafts will not insert all the way because the block appears to be too thick, thinner thrust washers will be needed. Either purchase them from your dealer or reduce them in thickness with a surface grinder. Only a few thousandths of an inch may need to be removed.
   A) Four-pinion case: Place the pinion shaft block into the center of the driver. (The two stub shafts in your kit will not be used.) Drive the two short shafts part way into the block first to help hold it and then drive in the long shaft (Figure 7).
   B) Two-pinion cases: Place the two stub shafts in your kit into the pinion shaft block, and place the assembly into the center of the driver. Spread the shafts apart with a screwdriver. Drive in the long shaft past the two stub shafts. The case will hold the shafts in place.
4. Place a bias spring assembly into each deep hole in the bottom driver and place a pin into each of the two other holes. The grease placed in the holes earlier will help keep things in place.
5. Place a bias spring assembly into each deep hole in the other driver and place a pin into each of the other holes. Use grease to help keep them in place (Figure 8).
6. Turn the top driver over and hold it so that the stop pins line up with the springs in the lower driver. Carefully lower it until the pins rest on the discs (Figure 9). Push it up and down to be absolutely sure that all springs and pins are in place and are functioning properly. Proper operation of the parts at this point is VERY important!
7. Place the other side gear (the one that formerly was in the bottom of the case) onto the top driver with the teeth meshed and then place the thrust washer on it (Figure 10). The smoothest side of the washer is placed next to the gear.
8. Place the case cap onto the case in its marked rotational position. Line up the ring gear holes and tap it to seat it.

Figure 6 Place thrust washer, Former top side gear in case
Figure 7 Drive long shaft past stub shafts
9. Install the ring gear in its proper marked rotational position and then torque the bolts to their proper values. 

10. Inspect your work. Look for anything that is not correct. Reach in through each end with two fingers into the splines and be sure that the drivers rotate back and forth smoothly, stopping at the pinion shafts, and are not binding.

**Differential Final Assembly**

NOTE: Integral carrier differentials use steps similar to those for third member differentials when installing the bearing caps and adjusters. Install the case as described below except for the positioning of the carrier vertically.

1. Position the carrier vertically, with the drive shaft flange pointing down. It can be held in a vise or even stood on its nose in a coffee can if a vise is not available.

2. Place the bearing races on the differential bearings. Be sure to place the marked one on the proper end.

3. Set the differential case (and bearings) into the carrier. Install it with ring gear pushed all the way into the drive pinion—that is, with no backlash, and with the bearing races pushed all the way onto the bearings.

4. Check the punch mark on the adjusters and determine which one goes on the side nearest the ring gear. Hold it so that the mark is at its final position (where the lock will be installed, pointing away from the carrier). Push the adjuster against the race and slide it down into the threads in the carrier. They should mesh easily, with no space between the parts.

5. Install the correctly-marked cap. Use the bolts as guides by turning them in two threads or so and then sliding the cap down to meet the case. Be sure that the cap threads fit into those in the adjuster. Do not force anything. The cap should slide down very close to the carrier surface. Tighten the bolts until they are snug.

6. Hold the other adjusters so that the mark is in the same relative position as the first one (with the mark away from the carrier) and slide it down the bearing race into the threads. As it meshes it should shift outward a little and be positioned slightly away from the race.

7. Install the other cap. Again, use the bolts as guides by turning them in two threads or so and then sliding the cap down to meet the case. Turn the bolts until they are barely snug. Be sure that the cap threads fit into those in the adjuster. Do not force anything.

8. Use a spanner wrench or a blunt punch and a hammer to turn the second adjuster (the one away from the ring gear) one turn inward (clockwise) until the marked hole reaches its final position (in the middle of the cap just below the lock). The last portion of the turn should be difficult because pre-load is being applied to the bearings by spreading the caps apart as the adjuster is being turned in (Figure 11).
9. Insert an axle shaft or bar into one of the axle shaft holes in the differential case to help with holding the assembly or place it in a large vise, and torque the capbolts to their correct value (see the shop manual).

10. Install the adjuster locks and torque the bolts. Be sure that they are located in the marked holes.

**Differential Assembly Inspection**

When the above steps are completed, all the parts should be in exactly the same positions as they were when the installation began. The backlash and pre-load settings should therefore be unchanged and no further adjustments will be needed. To be certain, Rock the ring gear back and forth to see if the backlash appears to be the same as it was prior to the installation. If not, it will need to be reset with a dial indicator as described in the shop manual. Rotate the ring gear one revolution to be sure that nothing is binding.

**Third Member Installation**

1. Clean the mating surface of the axle housing and the mounting surface of the differential carrier.
2. Clean the inside of the axle housing to remove all foreign material. This step is very important because metal chips can interfere with the operation of your new MAX Lock Locker™.
3. Remove metal chips from the drain plug if it is magnetic
4. Install a gasket and/or sealant as appropriate.
5. Lift the third member into the axle housing
6. Install and torque the hardware.

**Vehicle Final Assembly**

Finish the assembly of the remaining parts by reversing the order of disassembly—in general, the axles/backing plates, brake lines, emergency brake cables, drive shafts, tires. Note that in some designs the last 1/8-inch or so of the backing plate installation is a light press fit and the axle shaft may appear to be hitting something. Tap the outside end of the axle housing; check to be sure that they are in their correct positions. Refer to the shop manual for specific instructions. Your MAX Lock Locker™ installation should now be complete. As a preliminary test, rotate the tires back and forth (transmission out of gear and drive shaft free). The drivers should randomly unlock and “click” as the tires move. Note that the tires will NOT lock together—this easy-unlocking characteristic is a unique feature of the MAX Lock Locker™ and is perfectly normal.
Integral Carrier Axles—C-Clip and non-C-Clip Versions Installation Process

**Determination of Axle Type**

1. Remove the differential cover and drain the oil.
2. Inspect to determine axle assembly type. If it is a C-Clip design, proceed directly to Section 2. If not, continue with step 3 (next).
3. Determine if the ring gear is thin enough to be able to pull the pinion (spider gear) shaft out past the teeth. If so, proceed directly to Section 2. If not, continue with Section 1 (next).

**Section 1**

1. Perform the operations listed below and as described in your shop manual that apply to your vehicle. The axle shafts should be pulled out about six inches for differential case removal.
2. Using a center punch, mark both the carrier and bearing cap on the ring gear side with one punch mark each and on the other side with two marks. The caps are not interchangeable, because each one is line-bored with the carrier. These marks are very important to correct re-assembly!
3. Rock the ring gear back and forth to get a “feel” for the amount of backlash present. This amount of rotation will be re-checked when the differential case is installed to determine if it has been done correctly.
4. Remove the bearing caps and then the differential case and shims from the carrier as described in the shop manual (some axle designs may require the use of a carrier spreader tool). Be sure to put a small grind mark on each shim or tag them so that they can be replaced on the same side.
5. Remove the differential bearing race from the side with one punch mark first. Put a very small grind mark on the outside of it, or use a tag. Be sure that you can identify it for proper re-assembly on the same side.
6. Remove the other bearing race.
7. Remove the ring gear from the case. It may need to be tapped off with a brass mallet (see the shop manual). Mark it so that it can be re-installed in the same rotational orientation as when removed.
8. Proceed to section 2 for MAX Lock Locker™ installation.

**SECTION 2**

Disassembly of the Differential Case with thin ring gear, and C-Clips (in the vehicle); also with thick ring gear (case removed from vehicle)

Note: If the axle assembly is a C-Clip design or has a thin ring gear, the differential case remains in the vehicle and the ring gear side axle shaft does not need to be disturbed—it simply remains bolted in place and the MAX Lock Locker™ installation is done by only partially removing the opposite axle shaft.

1. Remove the pinion shaft retaining pin, using a long punch. In the vehicle, the left bearing cap may need to be removed; for C-Clip differentials only, unscrew the bolt.
2. Remove the pinion shaft.
3. For C-Clip differentials only: The C-Clips are located in a groove in the end of each axle shaft and are held in a pocket in the side gear by the pinion shaft. “Bump” each tire inward slightly to free the clips; they will fall out to free up the internal parts.
4. For installations with the differential case in the vehicle, leave the ring gear side axle bolted in place; pull out only the other axle shaft about two inches.
5. Remove the spider gears, side gears, all washers, and axle shaft thrust block (if used in your assembly).

**Inspection of the Parts**

Note: These steps are important. The MAX Lock Locker™ utilizes your differential case, side gear thrust washers and pinion shaft (plus the axle shaft thrust block, if used), and they must be in excellent condition. The spider gears and washers are not used. If the following inspection shows that anything is bad, buy new parts from your dealer!
1. Thoroughly clean the differential case and wash remaining parts with solvent then dry them.
2. Inspect the pinion shaft. Any noticeable grooves or galling may weaken it and can also adversely affect the operation of your new MAX Lock Locker™. If it is not in excellent condition, obtain a new one.
3. Inspect the side gear thrust washers. They are important to the correct positioning of the MAX Lock Locker™ parts. If they are excessively worn or are cracked, obtain new ones. If several thicknesses are offered, try to obtain the same size as the old ones.

**NOTE:** There should be TWO thrust washers of about equal thickness, one under each side gear.
4. Inspect the thrust block (if used). Be sure that the ends are smooth and not galled.
5. Inspect the case for any chips, cracks or similar damage. Also inspect the bearings, if the case is out of the vehicle. If the case or bearings look bad, replace them. However, if you do, remember that the shims no longer will be correct; the ring and pinion backlash and bearings pre-load will need to be reset with a dial indicator as described in the shop manual.

### MAX Lock Locker™ Installation

#### Preparing the Parts for Assembly

1. Coat the teeth of the couplers and drivers, the large center holes of the drivers, and both sides of the thrust washers with medium grease. Also place a little grease in each of the two window holes in each driver. The grease will help hold things in place and assist with functioning until the gear oil circulates *(Figure 12)*.
2. Place a shear pin into each window hole. It should be about flush *(Figure 13)*.
3. Place a spacer into the center of each driver, wide end toward the teeth if not symmetrical.
4. Press a thrust washer (with grease added) onto the back of each coupler.
5. Insert a small spring into each of the large springs and add a little grease to the coils to hold them together. Set them aside.

1. Install a coupler and washer assembly in the ring gear end of the differential case (over the axle splines if in the vehicle). See *(Figure 14)*. Note that the couplers in some models may have flats for clearance. If an axle shaft thrust block is used, place it in the center of the second coupler now if the installation is being done in the vehicle. If not, it may be installed later.
2. Place the second coupler and washer assembly into the other end of the differential case *(Figure 14)*.
3. For C-Clip differentials only: Place a C-Clip with the ends pointing down into the ring gear side axle shaft end groove and pull the tire out sharply to seat the clip *(Figure 14)*. Then, carefully push the other axle into the second coupler splines until the end of the axle shaft is even with the coupler surface. Keep the coupler seated in the case.
Note: The ring gear is removed for clarity. Ordinarily, the differential case is in the vehicle and the ring gear is in place.

4. **Important!** Be sure to have the spacers correctly placed in the drivers before doing the following steps! Pick up one of the driver- and-spacer assemblies. Orient its teeth toward the ring gear flange and hold it so that the flats (if present) will clear the sides of the case. Place it on the teeth of the coupler and press it into the grease *(Figure 15).* Reach into the center and push the spacer down onto the coupler shoulder (and over the C-Clip, if so equipped).

5. For non-C-Clip axles only, repeat this step for the other driver- and-spacer assembly *(Figure 15)*, then proceed to **Section 3.**

6. For C-Clip axles ONLY, follow the steps below to install the second C-Clip and other driver.
   a) Make a tool with a piece of stiff wire, such as from a coat hanger. Bend it into a “U” shape about four inches wide at the bottom, with one-inch sides.
   b) Place the other driver assembly in the differential case. Push it to the left, touching the other driver *(Figure 16).*
   c) Using the U-shaped wire between the driver and coupler teeth, push its spacer leftward into the center of the left driver to help hold it temporarily in place.
   d) Rotate both drivers with the *left* tire until the C-Clip installation recess in the right driver teeth is pointing out.
   e) Tap the right tire inward, until the bottom of the groove in the end of the axle shaft is even with the surface of the coupler. Keep the coupler seated in the case.
   f) Slide the other C-Clip through the recess in the teeth and into the groove in the axle shaft end *(Figure 16).*
   g) Pull the right tire out sharply to seat the C-Clip.
   h) Rotate the right tire 1/4-turn until the C-Clip ends are pointing downward, so that it will not fall off.
   i) Rotate the *left* tire to position both drivers so that the large semi-circular recess in the right driver is facing out.
   j) Push the right driver to the right and into the grease in the coupler teeth.
   k) Through the semi-circular recess, push the right spacer to the right, over the C-Clip and axle shaft end.
DANA 35 INSTALLATION SPECIAL NOTES:

- Included in the package with the Dana 35 MAX Lock Locker™ locker contains two small washers in addition to the other normal MAX Lock Locker™ parts described in the installation manual. They must be used with your locker whether you have a C-clip or a non-C-clip differential. If you have a **Non-C-Clip Differential**, then simply assemble the washers onto the spacers using grease to keep them together and follow the instructions in the installation manual treating the washer/spacer assembly as one piece, [Figure 1]. If the locker is being installed in a **C-Clip Differential**, follow the directions below in addition to the installation manual.

1. Press a washer onto the face of the coupler on the right gear side using grease to make it stick.
2. Slide the axle shaft through and place the C-clip in it.
3. Pull the axle out to seat the C-clip on top of the washer.
4. Place a spacer over the end of the axle shaft, covering the C-clip.
5. Assemble the other washer onto the spacer using grease to keep them together and continue with the instructions in the manual, treating the washer/spacer as one piece [Figure 1].
6. When it is time to insert the second C-clip on the axle shaft, push the axle shaft through the coupler, washer/spacer assembly and driver. The driver has a C-clip slot. Insert a sharp pick into the C-clip slot and separate the washer from the spacer.
7. Seat the washer onto the face of the coupler, line up the C-clip groove on the axle shaft with the slot on the driver and insert the C-clip between the washer and spacer [Figure 2] onto the axle shaft.
8. Slide the spacer over the C-clip and continue with the installation guide.
SECTION 3

Differential Case Assembly Completion (All Models)

NOTE: These steps are for the differential case that has been removed from the vehicle and is on the bench, as well as for those remaining in the vehicle.

1. Rotate the right driver until one of its long window holes’ (containing a pin) faces out, and rotate the other driver until one of its empty pin holes lines up with the first window hole.
2. Push the pin out of the window hole and into the pin hole in the opposite driver with a small pointed tool (Figure 17).
3. Place one end of a spring assembly (small spring inside the large one) into the window hole, behind the pin (Figure 18). Compress it with a small screwdriver and pop the bottom into the window hole (Figure 19). Push on the bottom coils to be sure that the spring snaps in and is seated all the way. Rotate the drivers and do the same procedure for each of the other three pins and springs.
4. Reach in through the recesses with your fingers and be sure that the spacers are pushed outward onto the couplers.
5. Rotate the drivers so that the large recesses line up with the pinion shaft holes in the differential case.
6. If an axle shaft thrust block is being used, push it into the center of the assembly and line up the large hole with the pinion shaft holes. If in the vehicle, push the right axle shaft inward now, into the coupler splines, to move the block to the center.
7. Carefully insert the pinion shaft into the hole and guide it through the drivers, past the spacers (and through the thrust block, if used). It should insert easily by hand. If not, tap it in, being very careful not to get the inner end caught on something.
Be sure to orient it so that its retaining pin hole will line up with the hole in the differential case illustrated above in (Figure 20). If the pinion shaft will not insert, or is hard to insert, be sure that the correct thrust washers are being used and that the spacers are oriented with the widest side (opening) fitting down over the coupler shoulder. Rotate the drivers and couplers back and forth to be sure that they are not binding.
8. Install the pinion shaft retaining pin. If the pin is solid, as opposed to a roll pin, slightly deform the metal on the side of the hole to help hold it in place (see the shop manual). For C-Clip Axles only: Screw in and tighten the bolt.
9. In lieu of differential cases out of the vehicle: The case should still be on the bench after the preceding steps; install thering gear now and torque the bolts. Proceed to the next section.
Assembly of Differential Case into Vehicle
(Thick ring gear; differential case was removed from vehicle)

1. Clean the axle housing interior, cover, mounting surface and drain plug.
2. Place the correct bearing races onto each end of the differential case, ready to install.
3. If shims are used, locate them near the correct ends of the case, ready to install.
4. Install the differential case in the carrier as described in the shop manual. Generally, this will involve placing the differential case and correctly-located bearing races with one shim into the carrier and then tapping in the shim on the other side, or pressing the case in if the shims are already mounted under the bearings. In some designs a spreader for the housing may be required.
5. Replace the bearing caps in their marked positions and torque the bolts to their correct value. Consult the shop manual for the exact procedure.
6. Finish the installation of any remaining parts by reversing the order of disassembly—in general, the axles/backing plates, brake lines, emergency brake cables, and tires. If your vehicle uses an axle shaft thrust block, be sure that the correct axle shims are in place at the outer ends of the axle shafts. In these designs there should be little or no end play. Also note that in some designs the last 1/8-inch or so of the backing plate installation may be a light press fit and the axle shaft may appear to be hitting something; tap the outside end of the axle shaft and it should go in.

Assembly Inspection

Inspect your work. Look for anything that is not correct. Be sure that the drivers rotate back and forth smoothly, stopping at the pinion shaft. Use a light to see that the spacers (and thrust block, if used) are in place and that the springs are working properly.

When the above installation steps are completed, all the parts should be in exactly the same positions as they were when the installation began. If the differential case has been removed then measure the current backlash from the vehicle, the backlash and pre-load settings should be unchanged from before and no further adjustments will be needed. To be certain, rock the ring gear back and forth to see if the backlash appears to be the same as it was prior to the installation. If not, it will need to be reset with a dial indicator as described in the shop manual. Rotate the ring gear one revolution to be sure that nothing is binding.

Your MAX Lock Locker™ installation should now be complete. As a preliminary test only, prior to the final test on the next page, rotate the tires back and forth (transmission out of gear and drive shaft free). The drivers should randomly unlock and “click” as the tires move. Note that the tires will NOT lock together—this easy-unlocking characteristic is a unique feature of the MAX Lock Locker™ and is perfectly normal. Watch to be sure that both sets of teeth engage and disengage. If they do, your installation has probably been done correctly and your MAX Lock Locker™ is ready for its final test, described in Section 5.

Note: The clicking sound is much louder now than what you will hear during driving because the cover is off and no oil is present.

As an additional check to be sure that everything has been installed correctly, use a small ruler, Vernier caliper or blade-type feeler gauge. The distance between the halves of the MAX Lock Locker™, that is, between the two drivers, should be about 5/32-inch (.152-inch, or 3.86-mm). The tolerance limits are between .145-inch (3.68-mm) and .170-inch (4.32-mm). If this distance is much over .170-inch, either the case is quite worn or the thrust washers are missing or are too thin and the problem should be corrected before proceeding further.

Vehicle Final Assembly

When everything is correct, double check torque on locking screw on pinion, clean the axle housing gasket surface, and install the cover using a gasket and/or sealant as appropriate, and torque the bolts.
Important Lubricant Note
Auburn Gear suggests using medium-to-heavy oils as recommended by the manufacturer, unless the vehicle will be used in colder climates then 75W90 oil is recommended. Thicker oils such as 85W140 is recommended in higher temperature climates and also helps reduce the “clicking” noise sometimes related to tight turns and provides adequate lubrication when the assembly becomes hot.

SECTION 4
Tire Diameters
To help assure a long life for your new MAX Lock Locker™, tire diameters should be as nearly equal as possible. Contrary to instructions that you may have read elsewhere, DO NOT change the inflation pressure to vary the rolling radius of the tire! This practice can be dangerous if one of the tires is under-inflated, producing excess heat, faster tire wear and more difficult vehicle control. The best way to equalize the rotation is to measure the circumference of all the tires, including the spare. Choose ones that are within about 3/8-inch or less of each other (do not change from side-to-side if they are radials). If one tire is much more worn than the other one, they both should be replaced for safety reasons.

SECTION 5
Testing Your Installation
1. Be sure that the vehicle is safely blocked. Leave the axle assembly on the jack stands, with both tires free to rotate and the emergency brake off.
2. Put the transmission and transfer case in gear to lock the drive shaft.
3. Rotate one of the tires in the forward direction with your hand until it stops, then hold it. That side of the MAX Lock Locker™ is now locked.
4. Rotate the other tire in the opposite (reverse) direction. The MAX Lock Locker™ should “click” as the coupler attached to the axle rotates.
5. Rotate the first tire in the reverse direction and hold it; repeat step 3, rotating the other tire in the forward direction.
6. Repeat steps 2-4, rotating and holding the second tire to lock the second side.

SECTION 6
Driving Your Vehicle
If the foregoing measurements and tests have been successfully completed, apply the emergency brake and remove the vehicle from the jack stands. Your vehicle should now be ready to drive.

Safe and effective use of your new MAX Lock Locker™-equipped vehicle depends on knowledgeable operation, and this can only be done by understanding its characteristics before you start.

NOTE: If an axle snaps repeatedly under power when driving on the street (as opposed to lightly clicking in a turn), the teeth on the used side gears may be too worn to function properly. Sustained operation under these conditions is quite easy to observe and will void the warranty. Replace the side gears immediately to eliminate the problem or contact your dealer for assistance.

SECTION 7
Subsequent Disassembly
If something is not correct now or if you need to disassemble your MAX Lock Locker™ in the future, we will briefly describe the procedure here. We will assume that the case has a thin ring gear and remains in the vehicle, or that it has a thick ring gear and has been removed from the vehicle and is on the bench.
Non-C-Clip Axles

1. If the case will remain in the vehicle (thin ring gear), pull out only the right axle shaft about two inches. Otherwise, remove the differential case from the vehicle and place it in the bench.
2. Remove the pinion shaft retaining pin and the pinion shaft.
3. Rotate the drivers until one of the right window holes faces out. Push under the spring with a small sharp-pointed pick and pry the end up. Push a small screwdriver or bent piece of small wire (a paper clip works well) under the spring and pop the bottom out. Push the shear pin out of the pin hole and into the window hole. Repeat for the other three springs and pins.
4. Position the case horizontally and push in the spacers so that they are in the middle of the drivers. If a thrust block is used, push it into the right coupler splines.
5. Remove the driver and spacer opposite the ring gear flange first and then remove the second driver.
6. Remove the couplers.

C-Clip Axles

1. Remove the pinion shaft retaining bolt and the pinion shaft.
2. Rotate the drivers until one of the right window holes faces out. Push under the spring with a small sharp-pointed pick and pry the end up. Push a small screwdriver or bent piece of small wire (a paper clip works well) under the spring and pop the bottom out. Push the pin out of the pin hole and into the window hole. Repeat for the other three springs and pins.
3. Move the right driver to the left, touching the left driver.
4. Move the right spacer to the left, into the center of the left driver. (Use the U-shaped wire tool.)
5. Rotate the left tire and both drivers until the C-Clip installation recess in the teeth of the right driver is pointing down.
6. Tap the right tire inward to release the C-Clip so that it falls down, through the recess.
7. Rotate the left tire to rotate both drivers and allow the C-Clip to drop out of the case.
8. Pull the right tire out about one inch.
9. Push the spacers into the centers of the drivers.
10. Remove the driver and spacer opposite the ring gear flange first and then remove the second driver.
11. Remove the left C-Clip.
12. Remove the couplers.

Warranty Information

Auburn Gear, LLC offers a limited warranty on its products against defects in materials and workmanship on the MAX Lock Locker™ for a period of 2 years from the original date of purchase by the consumer.

If you have any questions or need technical assistance, please call Auburn Gear, LLC. Customer Service at 1.260.925.3200 (8AM-5PM EST) for further assistance.

IMPORTANT NOTE

If your differential case or thrust washers are excessively worn, your new MAX Lock Locker™ may not be able to operate as it was designed. Therefore, two easy measurements must be made before final assembly to assure that your new locker will function properly. To make these measurements, proceed as follows:
1. Remove the existing spider gears, side gears and thrust washers from the differential case, and thoroughly clean it.
2. Install the MAX Lock Locker™ couplers with the existing thrust washers in each end of the case.
3. Place the spacers onto the centers of the couplers (wide side toward the axle splines if not symmetrical), and hold them there.
4. Install the pinion shaft; carefully guide it past the spacers as it is being inserted through the holes in the case.
5. Measure the gap between each spacer and the pinion shaft with a feeler gauge. This gap should be between .005-inch and .020-inch, with not more than a .008-inch difference between the two.

If your numbers are within the limits specified, remove the parts and begin your installation. If your numbers are not within these limits, check the thrust washers and the differential case. If they are excessively worn or are damaged, they may need to be replaced before installing your new MAX Lock Locker™.

**WARNING**

The following [WARNING] and [CAUTION] information is supplied to you for your protection and to provide you with trouble free and safe operation of your Auburn Gear, LLC.

Read ALL instructions prior to operating transmission and/or ring and pinion. Injury to personnel, transmission or ring and pinion failure may be caused by improper installation, maintenance or operation.

**DANGER**

- It is dangerous to get under a jacked-up vehicle. The vehicle could slip off the jack and fall on you. You could be crushed. Never place any part of your body under a vehicle that is on a jack. Never start or run the engine while the vehicle is on a jack. If you need to get under a raised vehicle, take it to a service center where it can be raised on a lift.

**WARNING**

- Hot oil can cause severe burns. Use extreme care when removing lubrication plugs and when working close to a unit that has been in operation.
- Check lube level between scheduled lube changes to insure that proper lube level is maintained. Inspect vent plug to insure it is clean and operating. Inspect the tightness of mounting bolts, misalignment of connecting shafts, lube leakage, excessive heating, or any unusual noise or vibration.
- Serious personal injury may occur as a result of improperly performed maintenance, adjustments or repairs.
- Do not attempt any of the maintenance, checks or repairs described on the following pages if you are not fully familiar with these or other procedures with respect to the transmission, or are uncertain as to how to proceed. Have the necessary work done by a properly equipped and qualified workshop.
- Always be extremely careful when working on the transmission. Always follow commonly accepted safety practices and general common sense. Never risk personal injury.

**CAUTION**

- Do not operate the transmission or ring and pinion without proper lube and correct amount.
- For safe operation and to maintain the unit warranty, when changing a factory installed fastener for any reason, it becomes the responsibility of the person making the change to properly account for fastener grade, thread engagement, load, tightening torque and the means of torque retention.
- Mounting bolts should be periodically checked to ensure that the unit is firmly anchored for proper operation.
- These instructions are not intended to cover all details or variations in equipment, nor provide for every possible contingency to be met in connection with selection, installation, operation, and maintenance. Should further information be desired or should particular problems arise which are not covered sufficiently for the Buyer’s purpose, the matter should be referred to Auburn Gear, LLC.
Legalities

In the event of the resale of any of the goods, in whatever form, Resellers/Buyers will include the following language in a conspicuous place and in a conspicuous manner in a written agreement covering such sale:

- The manufacturer makes no warranties or representations, express or implied, by operation of law or otherwise, as to the merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose of the goods sold hereunder. Buyer acknowledges that it alone has determined that the goods purchased hereunder will suitably meet the requirements of their intended use. In no event will the manufacturer be liable for consequential, incidental or other damages. Even if the repair or replacement remedy shall be deemed to have failed of its essential purpose under Section 2-719 of the Uniform Commercial code, the manufacturer shall have no liability to Buyer for consequential damages.

Resellers/Buyers agree to also include this entire document including the danger, warnings and cautions above in a conspicuous place and in a conspicuous manner in writing to instruct users on the safe usage of the product. This information should be read together with all other printed information supplied by Auburn Gear, LLC.

If you have any questions or need technical assistance, please call Auburn Gear, LLC. Customer Service at 1.260.925.3200 (8AM-5PM EST) for further assistance.